COVID-19 Funding Overview for States, Territories, and Tribes:
Common Requirements and Allowable Use of Funds in the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act; Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act; and American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act

Common Requirements/Allowable Use of Funds in ALL COVID-Related Funding
- Funding exempt from direct service and quality spending requirements

Common Requirements/Allowable Use of Funds in CARES, CRRSA, and ARP Supplemental Discretionary
- Allows assistance to essential workers without regard to income

CARES
Supplemental Discretionary: $3.5 billion
Enacted: March 27, 2020

CRRSA
Supplemental Discretionary: $10 billion
Enacted: December 27, 2020

ARP*
Total: $39 billion
Enacted: March 11, 2021

Supplemental Discretionary: $15 billion
Unlike CARES and CRRSA, these discretionary funds are not required to be spent exclusively on COVID-19-specific activities.

Child Care Stabilization Grants: $24 billion
At least 90% of these funds (or 80% for Tribes) shall be distributed to qualified child care providers through subgrants.

Common Requirements/Allowable Use of Funds in CRRSA and ARP Stabilization Grants
- Allows technical assistance to providers for COVID-19-related needs
- Supports stability for child care sector

Common Requirements/Allowable Use of Funds in CARES, CRRSA, and ARP Stabilization Grants
- Continued payment and assistance to providers
- Salaries and wages for providers
- Allows assistance to eligible providers not receiving CCDBG assistance prior to COVID-19 public health emergency
- Allows reimbursement for COVID-related expenses that have already been incurred

*The American Rescue Plan Act also included $3.55 billion in mandatory and matching CCDF funds, an increase of $633 million over FY 2020 appropriations. This is a permanent increase to an existing funding stream and did not include new program requirements.